







- 1. An introduction to BAM
- 2. Why adapt?
- 3. Adapting the curriculum
- 4. Adapting the implementation teams
- 5. Next steps





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AN INTRODUCTION TO BAM

- Two-year, group-based intervention delivered in schools with adolescent boys.
- BAM tries to improve education outcomes and reduce criminal activity by promoting positive youth development
- Developed by Anthony Di Vittorio by combining different approaches e.g. 'men's work', clinical pyschology, group development, youth work





AN INTRODUCTION TO BAM

POSITIVE YOUTH DEVELOPMENT

- Integrity
- Self-determination
- Positive anger expression
- Respect for Womanhood
- Accountability
- Visionary goal setting

CORE ACTIVITIES



RITES OF PASSAGE

- The Mankind Project
- 'Ruthless selfexamination





AN INTRODUCTION TO BAM

- Developed in Chicago 10 years ago by "Tony D", it has scaled rapidly after two favourable RCTs and a personal endorsement from Barack Obama
 - 20 counsellors in one city to 200+ counsellors in 4 cities and 2 countries
- Brought to London for the first time delivery started in schools this year
- We are conducting a feasibility study with their first cohort of young people.





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WHY ADAPT?

- Evidence-based programmes from the US often struggle to reproduce positive effects in UK and elsewhere (e.g. MST, FFT, FNP)
- Possible explanations include (i) poor interventioncontext fit in new setting or (ii) adaptations that undermine core functions
- Therefore, need to adapt BAM in Lambeth to ensure a good fit while staying true to the elements that made BAM effective in the US



WHY ADAPT?

TWO WORKSTREAMS

- 1. Adapting the curriculum
- 2. Adapting the implementation teams



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ADAPTING THE CURRICULUM

- The 'BAMual': a 30-lesson manual covering the content that should be delivered in the BAM circle
- Working group set up to work through the curriculum lesson-by-lesson and make any necessary adaptations, including representatives from the developer (YG), the delivery partner (MHF) and the evaluation team
- Our role: Collect information on aspects of adaptations that might influence feasibility of programme, including whether they were 'surface' or 'deep'





ADAPTING THE CURRICULUM

SURFACE

- Superficial changes to language (e.g. 'city blocks' to 'streets')
- Changes to cultural references (e.g. baseball to football)
- Changes to some of the rituals e.g. 'check-ins' and 'check-outs'

DEEP

- Tribal societies
- The 'savage' and the 'warrior'
- The 'self-liberator' and the 'oppressor'



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ADAPTING THE IMPLEMENTATION TEAMS

- Whether counsellors can implement and participants can engage in BAM depends on a number of factors e.g.
 - Skills and experience of counsellors
 - The school environment
 - Wider systems and communities
- The delivery model includes a number "Implementation Teams", designed to ensure these contextual factors support rather than impede implementation and impact.
- Our role: Support partners to consider differences in these wider contextual factors between London and the US and their implications for implementation teams.





ADAPTING THE IMPLEMENTATION TEAMS

RESULTS

- Where possible, MHF endeavoured to maintain alignment with the original model (e.g. profile of counsellors)
- Where discrepancies were identified, MHF had already taken action to address these in the overwhelming majority of cases, due to:
 - Long pre-implementation period
 - Strong, open and honest relationships between partners
 - Developer's previous experience in trying to adapt BAM to new contexts in US





ADAPTING THE IMPLEMENTATION TEAMS

NO DISCREPANCY

- Counsellor profile
- Strategy for recruiting young people – preventing negative labelling

DISCREPANCY IDENTIFIED AND ADDRESSED

- Responding to COVID
 - Recruitment/training of counsellors
 - Brief encounters
 - Supporting schools
- Responding to BAM's lack of profile in London
 - Schools
 - Community





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NEXT STEPS

ADAPTATION

- For some areas, we don't yet know whether there will be discrepancies (e.g. profile of participants)
- For other areas, adaptations to discrepancies are still in progress (e.g. clinical supervisor)

EVALUATION

- Continue to document adaptations as they emerge
- Try to establish
 - Alignment with core function
 - Acceptability/feasibility/appropriateness of form



